## EAS4200C Aerospace Structures Homework \#10 (Due: Nov. 30th)

1. A center-cracked thin Al 2025-T651 flat panel with a very large width-to-crack length ratio is subjected to uniform remote tensile stress. The initial crack length is 50 mm and it grows to 55 mm when the applied load reaches the maximum value of 136 MPa . Determine the fracture toughness using Irwin's plastic zone adjustment method. Is the crack length valid for this method?
2. The split beam in the figure is subjected to a pair of cyclic opening force $P$ with $P_{\max }=$ $2,000 \mathrm{~N}$ and $P_{\min }=0$. Then initial crack length $a_{0}$ is 40 mm . The material is $2024-\mathrm{T} 561 \mathrm{Al}$, and $t=$ $0.02 \mathrm{~m}, h=0.01 \mathrm{~m}$. The crack growth rate is given by
$\frac{d a}{d N}=1.6 \times 10^{-11}\left(\Delta K_{I}\right)^{3.59} \mathrm{~m} /$ cycle
in which $K_{I}$ is in MPa $\sqrt{ }$ m. Find the number of cycles to failure (at which the crack becomes unstable under the load $P_{\max }$ ). Assume that the plane strain condition exists.

3. The truss structure consists of two bars connected by a pin-joint (which allows free rotation of the bars). The other ends of the bars are hinged as shown in the figure. A weight $W$ is hung at the joint. Find the maximum weight the truss can sustain before buckling occurs.

